

72. (a) The magnitude of the force is

$$F = \frac{\Delta p}{\Delta t} = \frac{9.0 \times 10^3 \text{ kg}\cdot\text{m/s}}{12 \text{ s}} = 750 \text{ N} .$$

(b) Assuming this is one-dimensional motion (so that any acceleration implies a change in the magnitude of the velocity), we find the speed increase to be

$$\Delta v = \frac{\Delta p}{m} = \frac{9.0 \times 10^3 \text{ kg}\cdot\text{m/s}}{1500 \text{ kg}} = 6.0 \text{ m/s} .$$